

Intro To Trig Review #2

Name _____

Convert to radian measures in terms of π .

$$345^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}$$

$$\frac{23\pi}{12}$$

$$2. -210^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180^\circ}$$

$$\frac{-7\pi}{6}$$

Convert to Degrees.

$$3. \frac{5\pi}{4} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$$

$$225^\circ$$

$$4. -\frac{11\pi}{6} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$$

$$-330^\circ$$

Name one positive and one negative angle coterminal with θ .

$$5. \theta = -540^\circ$$

$$-180^\circ, 180^\circ$$

$$6. \theta = \frac{11\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4}, -\frac{5\pi}{4}$$

In which quadrant does θ lie?

$$7. \theta = -157^\circ$$



$$Q3$$

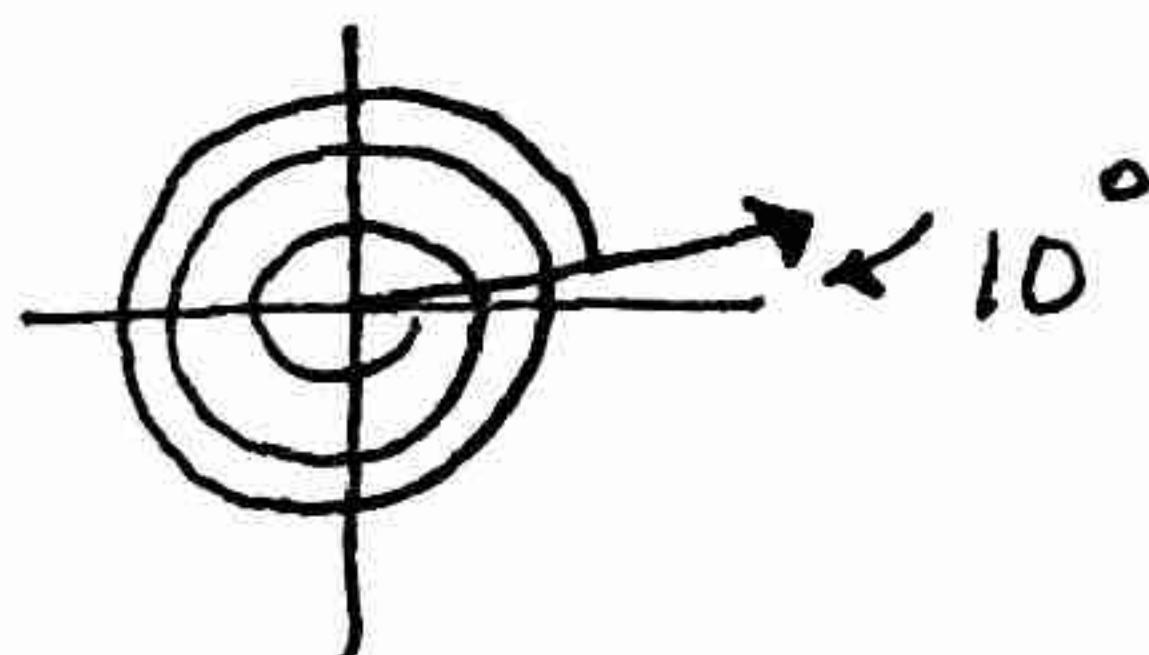
$$8. \theta = \frac{7\pi}{5}$$

$$Q3$$

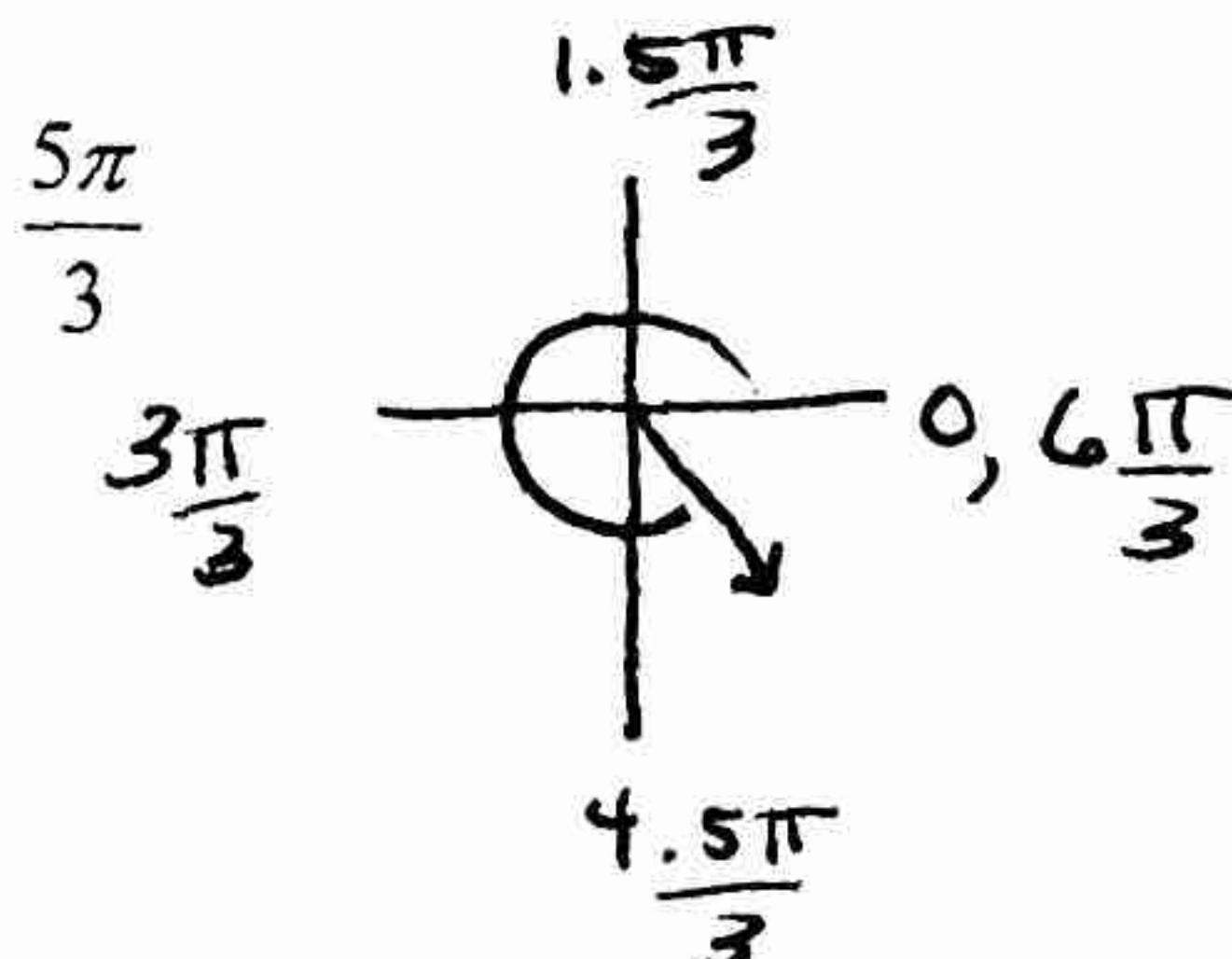


Sketch the indicated angle in standard position. Indicate the direction of rotation and the degrees where necessary.

$$9. -1070^\circ$$



$$10.$$



Find the complement and supplement of each angle.

$$11. 13^\circ C: 90^\circ - 13^\circ = 77^\circ$$

$$S: 180^\circ - 13^\circ = 167^\circ$$

$$12. \frac{\pi}{6} C: \frac{3\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{2\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$S: \frac{6\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

Find the exact value (use unit circle).

$$13. \sin \frac{11\pi}{3} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$14. \cos 570^\circ$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

15. $\tan 105^\circ$ coterminal angle is 345°
omit (sorry, not on unit circle)

$$\sec \frac{14\pi}{6} 2$$

$$17. \csc (225^\circ)$$

$$-\sqrt{2}$$

$$18. \cot \frac{2\pi}{3} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

Find the exact value (use the unit circle).

19. $\tan^{-1}(-1)$ -45°

20. $\sec^{-1}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$ 30°

21. $\csc^{-1}(-2)$ -30°

22. $\cot^{-1}\sqrt{3}$ 30°

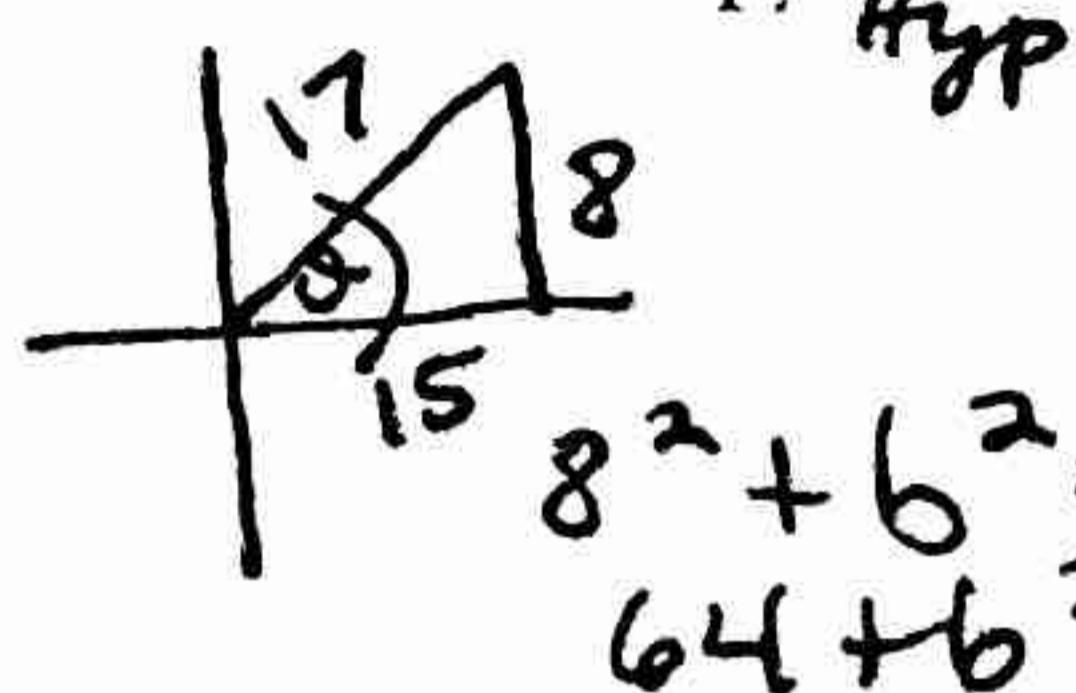
23. $\sec^{-1}(\text{und})$ 90°

24. $\csc^{-1}(-\sqrt{2})$ -45°

this occurs when
0 is in the denominator
Look for angle θ where $\cos=0$

Use the given information to find the specified trig value.

25. $\sin \theta = \frac{8}{17}$ OPP in Q1; find sec θ

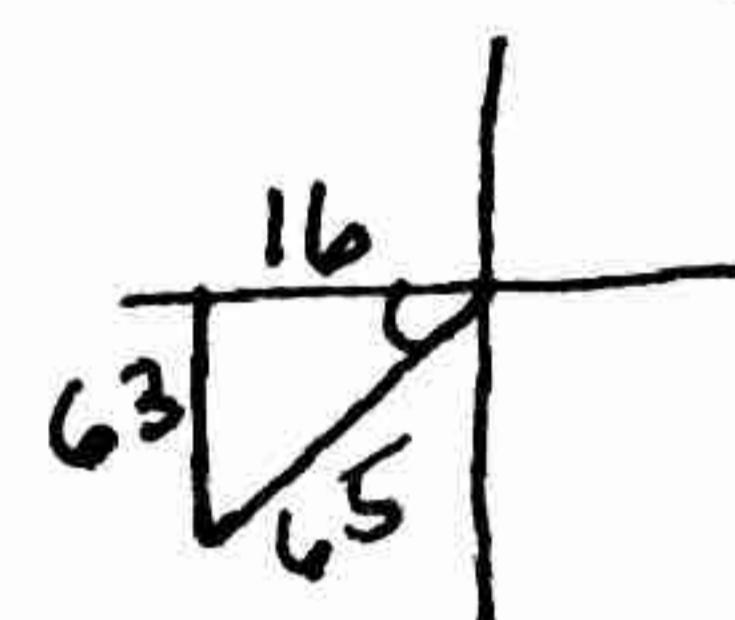


$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$8^2 + b^2 = 17^2 \rightarrow b^2 = 225$$

$$64 + b^2 = 289 \rightarrow b = 15$$

26. $\tan \theta = \frac{63}{16}$ in Q3; find sin θ

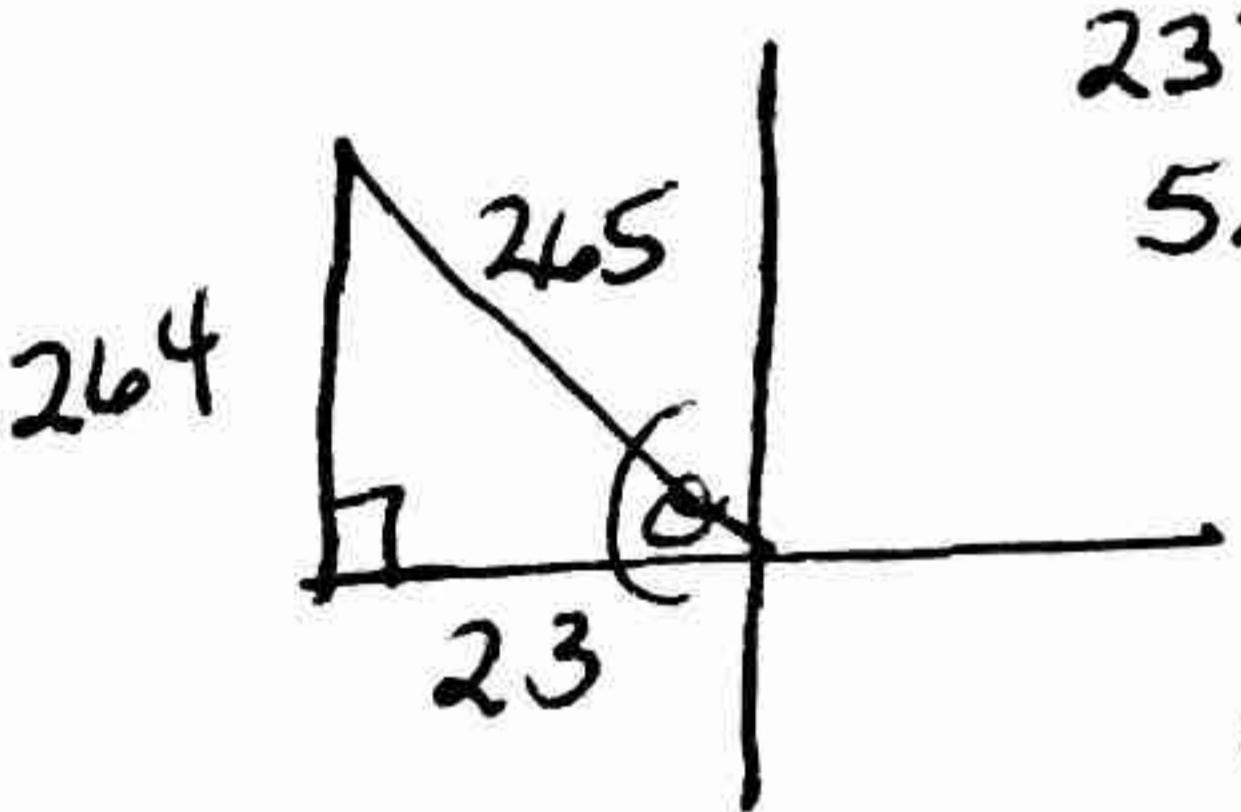


$$\begin{aligned} 63^2 + 16^2 &= c^2 \\ 3969 + 256 &= c^2 \\ 4225 &= c^2 \\ 65 &= c \end{aligned}$$

$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$

Given the point passing through the circle, find the specified trig value:

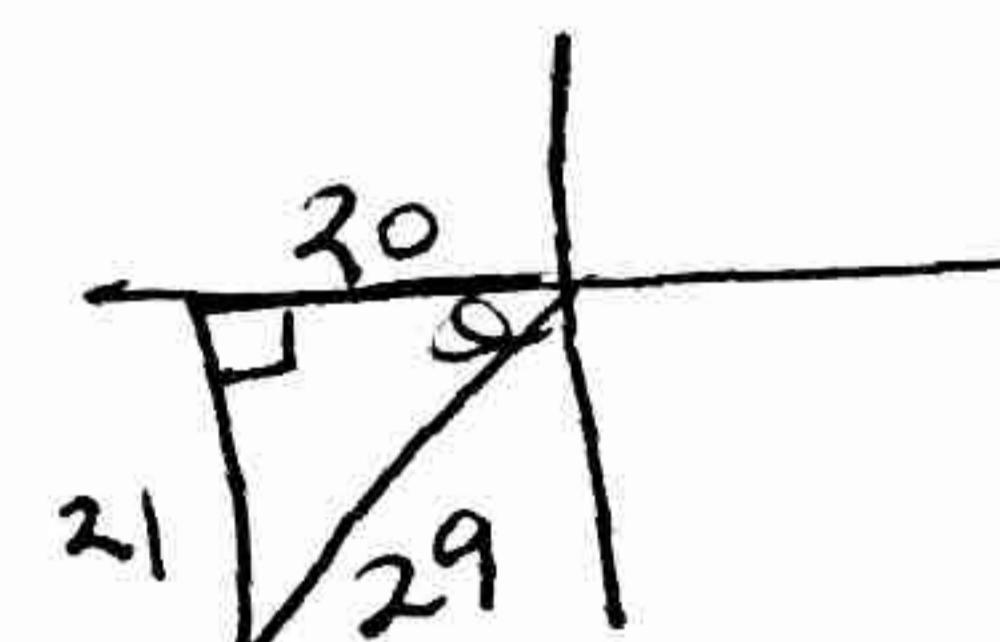
27. (-23, 264); find cot θ negative in Q2



$$\begin{aligned} 23^2 + 264^2 &= c^2 \\ 529 + 69696 &= c^2 \\ 70225 &= c^2 \\ 265 &= c \end{aligned}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta} = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{opp}}$$

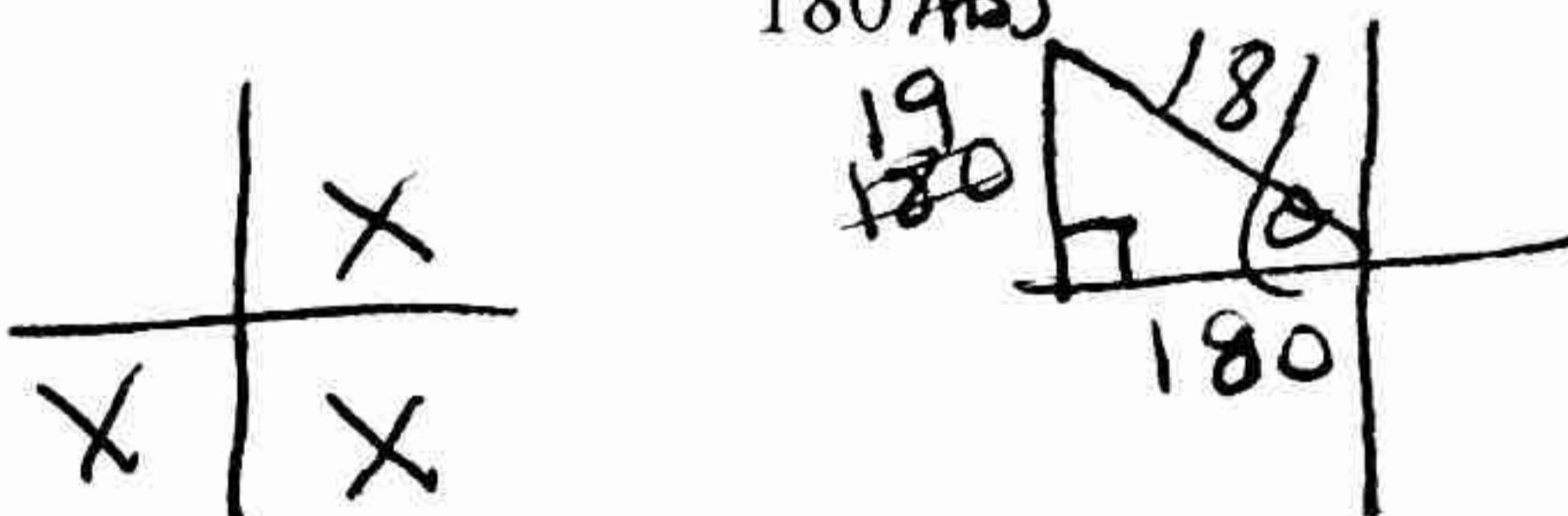
28. (-20, -21); find csc θ negative in Q3



$$\begin{aligned} 20^2 + 21^2 &= c^2 \\ 400 + 441 &= c^2 \\ 841 &= c^2 \\ 29 &= c \end{aligned}$$

Find the specified trig functions using the given information.

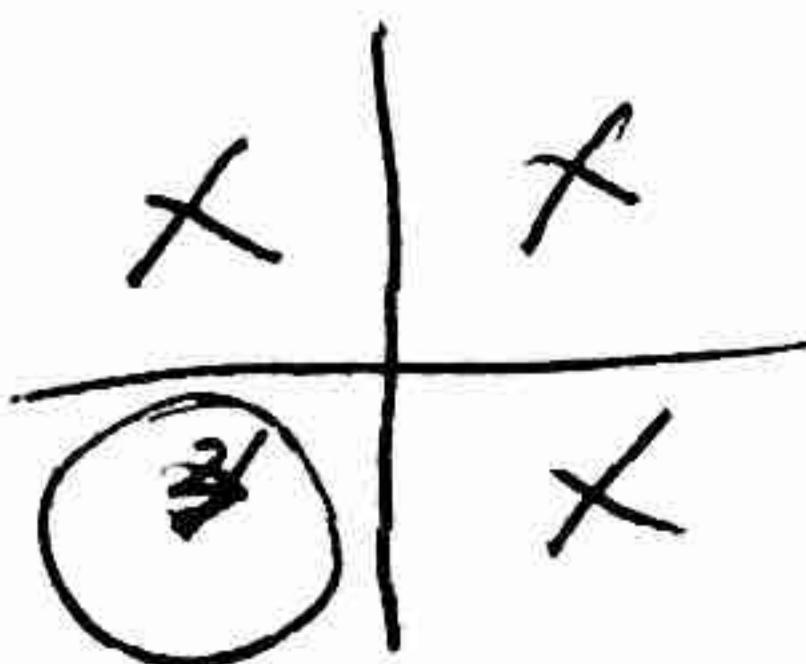
29. $\tan \theta = -\frac{19}{180}$ Graph lies in Q2
 $\sin \theta > 0$ Find the cos θ and sin θ .



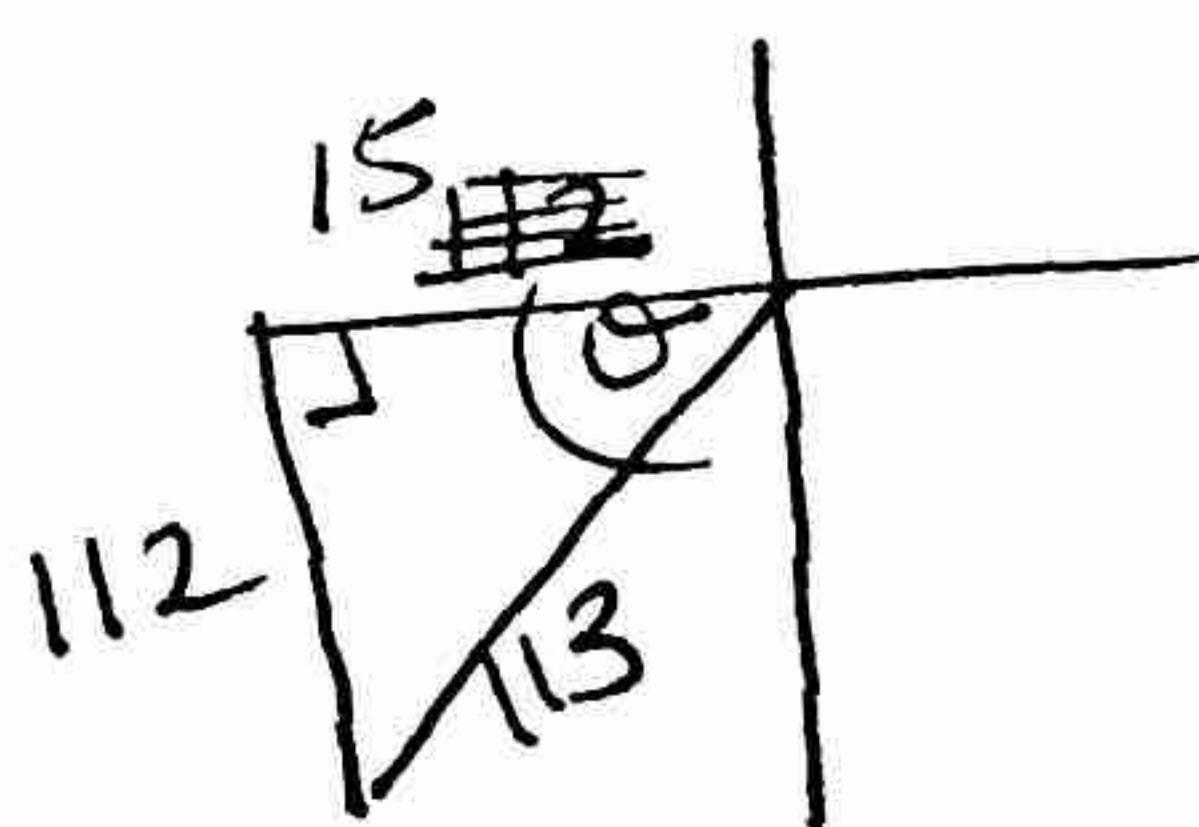
$$\begin{aligned} 19^2 + 180^2 &= c^2 \\ 361 + 32,400 &= c^2 \\ 32,761 &= c^2 \\ c &= 181 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \csc \theta &= \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{opp}} \\ \csc \theta &= \frac{181}{19} \end{aligned}$$

30. $\sin \theta = -\frac{112}{113}$, cos $\theta < 0$ Find the tan θ and sec θ .



Graph in Q3



$$\begin{aligned} 112^2 + b^2 &= 113^2 \\ 12,544 + b^2 &= 12,769 \\ b^2 &= 225 \\ b &= 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tan \theta &= \frac{112}{15} \\ \sec \theta &= \frac{113}{15} \\ \frac{1}{\cos \theta} &= \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{adj}} \end{aligned}$$